## MATH6103 Differential & Integral Calculus

## **Real Life Problems Practice Sheet Solutions**

1) A projectile is fired from a cannon on flat ground at 25m/s at an angle of (approx.)  $0.64^{\circ}$ . t seconds after it is fired, the x and y co-ordinates (in m) of its position are given by:

$$x = 20t$$
$$y = 15t - 5t^2$$

- a) Find  $\frac{dx}{dt}$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt}$ .  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 20$  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 15 - 10t$
- b) Using (a), find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of t.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt}\frac{dt}{dx}$$
$$= (15 - 10t) \cdot \frac{1}{20}$$
$$= \frac{15 - 10t}{20}$$
$$= \frac{3 - 2t}{4}$$

c) Find the value(s) of t which make(s)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ .

 $\frac{3-2t}{4} = 0$ 3-2t = 03 = 2t $t = \frac{3}{2}$ 

d) Find the maximum height which the projectile reaches.

The maximum height will be at  $t = \frac{3}{2}$ :

$$y\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 15 \cdot \frac{3}{2} - 5 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2$$
$$= \frac{45}{2} - 5 \cdot \frac{9}{4}$$
$$= \frac{45}{2} - \frac{45}{4}$$
$$= \frac{45}{4}$$

e) Find the values of t for which y = 0.

 $\operatorname{So}$ 

$$15t - 5t^{2} = 0$$
  

$$t(15 - 5t) = 015 - 5t = 0 \text{ or } t = 0$$
  

$$15 = 5t$$
  

$$t = 3$$
  
*t* is 3 or 0

f) How far away from the cannon does the projectile land (if it doesn't bounce)?

The projectile will land when t = 3:  $x(3) = 20 \cdot 3$ = 60 m

2) The same cannon is fired but this time into a wind. This time the co-ordinates at time t are given by:

$$x = 20t - \frac{1}{2}t^2$$
$$y = 15t - 5t^2$$

a) Find the maximum height which the projectile reaches.

The maximum height will be reached when  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$ :

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 15 - 10t$$
$$= 0$$
$$10t = 15$$
$$t = 1.5$$

At this time the height will be:

$$y(1.5) = 15 \cdot 1.5 - 5 \cdot 1.5^{2}$$
  
= 22.5 - 5 \cdot 2.25  
= 22.5 - 11.25  
= 11.25

b) How far away from the cannon does the projectile land (if it doesn't bounce)?

The cannonball lands when y = 0:  $15t - 5t^2 = 0$  t(15 - 5t) = 0 t = 0 or 3 The projectile will land at:

$$x(3) = 20 \cdot 3 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{2}$$
$$= 60 - \frac{9}{2}$$
$$= 55.5$$